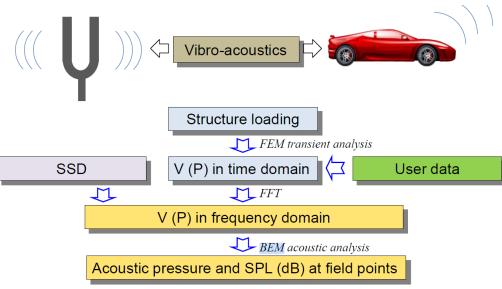
Acoustic Boundary Element Method in Workbench

November 2023



Why Acoustic Boundary Element Method (BEM)?

- Acoustic analysis require the mesh size to be less than 1/8 of the wavelength.
- Meshing the entire domain can be very costly.
- BEM only requires to mesh the boundaries.
- Therefore, this type of analysis is useful if:
 - The domain is large
 - The frequency is high
 - The frequency range is wide.
- The BEM acoustic solver is available through the LS-Dyna solver.
- We are exposing this solver in workbench.
- Only surface geometry is necessary for this type of analysis.

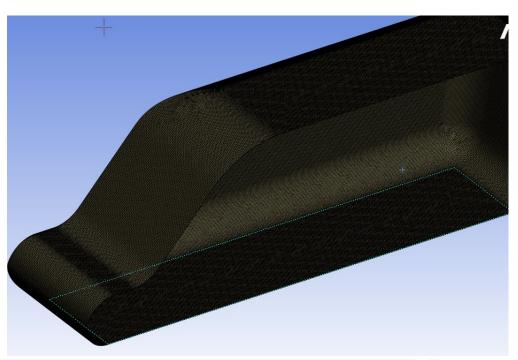




Example – Windshield Noise

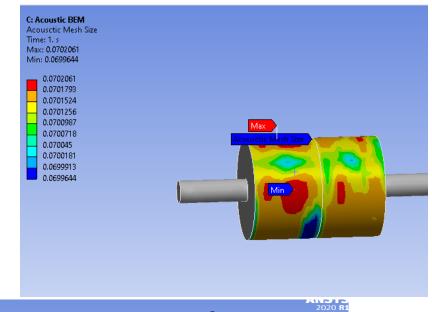
- FEA requirements for one frequency only (5000 Hz):
 - 60M DOF
 - 6TB of RAM

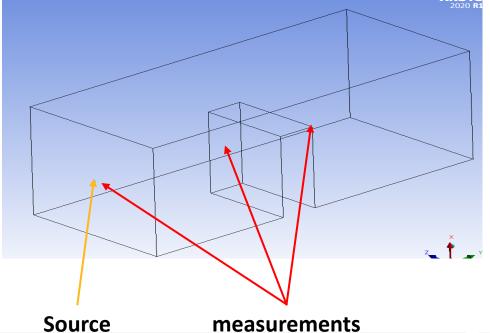
- BEM requirements
 - 270k DOF



Example – Other

- Muffler
- Room acoustic (50x50x20m)
- AC unit Duct
- Container ultrasound scan
 The frequency range is 28-350Hz for 162 points.
- Mesh size: $\frac{\lambda}{8} = \frac{c}{8f} = \frac{340}{8 \times 350000} = 1.21.10^{-4} m = .121 mm$





Current Status – 2023R2

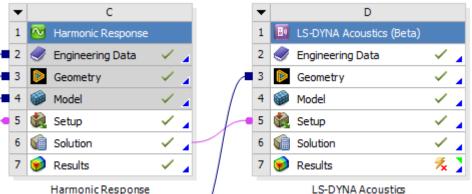
- Release in workbench with product in 23R2 beta.
- Harmonic domain only
- Preprocessing:



Post processing (only on boundary surfaces):



Link with harmonic acoustics (mapped velocities)







Harmonic Response

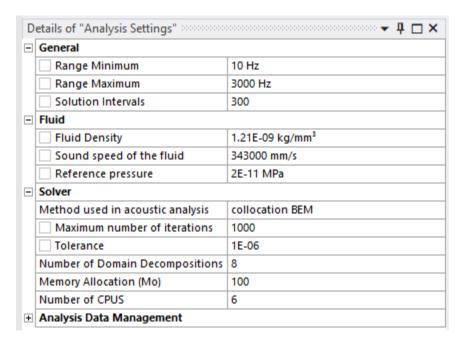
LS-DYNA Acoustics (Beta) LS-DYNA Restart Magnetostatic

LS-DYNA

Modal

Current Status – 2023R2

Analysis Settings (*FREQUENCY_DOMAIN_ACOUSTIC_BEM). Available options are:

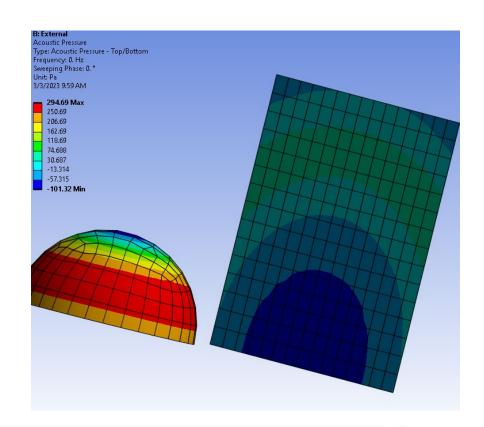


Acoustic mesh size: calculate element length/ wavelength



2024R1

- Beta flag removed
- Post processing of contour remote surface, fringe plot.
- Post processing on remote points 2D graph.



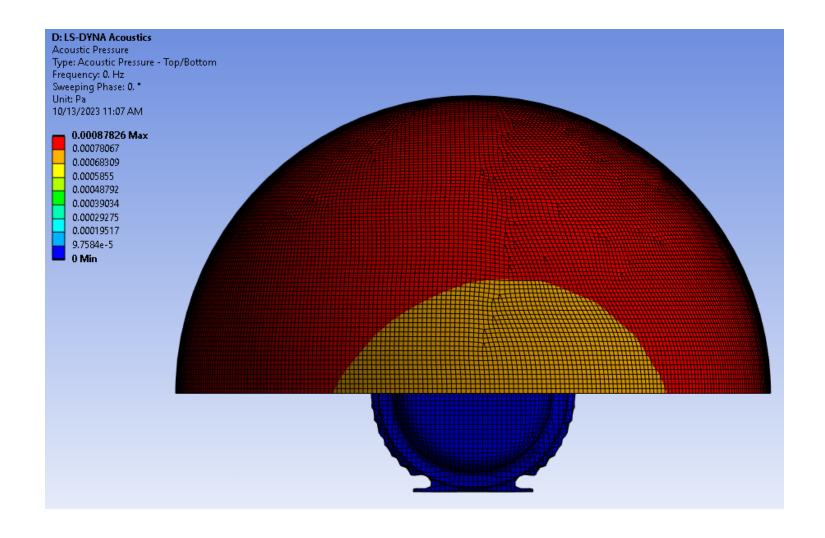


Roadmap 2024R2,.....

- Multi RPM
- Map loads from other systems:
 - Fluent (*.cgns)
 - External data
 - Maxwell
- Additional boundary conditions (symmetry,...)
- Bridge to Virtual Reality Sound
- Shock boundary element method, transient analysis
- Suggestions....



Workbench Demo





Ansys

